

Key Vocabulary

Altitude – a measurement of distance, going up

Ascent — a climb or walk to the summit of a mountain or hill

Avalanche – a large mass of snow or ice detached from the mountain slope and heading down the mountain **Erosion** – when wind or water sweeps away rock or soil from one place on the Earth's surface to another

Gorge – a narrow valley, usually with a stream or river running through it

Mountain range – a group of mountains that form a chain or cluster

Plateau – mountains that have large areas of flat ground and can be used for farming – they do not have peaks.

Fold Mountains – form mainly by the effects of folding layers within the upper part of the Earth's crust.

Slope – the slanted side of a mountain **Summit** – the highest point on a mount

Tectonic plates — large pieces of rock that make up the Earth's surface

Valley – low ground in between mountains

Geographical knowledge and skills

- locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on North and South America concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities
- name and locate key hills and mountains
- identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle

World Map

- describe and understand key aspects of mountains
- use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied
- use the 8 points of a compass, 4- and 6-figure grid references, symbols and key

Where's Wally? Owls- Mountains of the World

A **continent** is one of the seven large land masses on the earth's surface, surrounded, or mainly surrounded, by sea and usually consisting of various countries: **Africa, Asia, North America, South America, Antarctica,**

Australasia/Oceania and Europe

French Alps

- Around 13 million people live in the Alps
- Around 100 million people visit the Alps each year
- Mont Blanc is the tallest mountain at 4,807m
- Temperature vary. In the winter the average temperature is 1°c whereas in the summer temperatures reach 20°c.

Mount Everest

- Highest peak in the world- 8,850 m
- · Part of the Himalayan Range in Nepal
- First climbed in 1958
- 600 climbers from 20 countries have reached its peak
- 100 people have died

North America North Atlantic Ocean South Atlantic Ocean South Atlantic Ocean South Atlantic Ocean South Atlantic Ocean Antarctica

Major mountain ranges

Himalayas, Karakoram (K2), Rocky Mountains, Alps, Andes, Hindu Kush, Alaska Range, Sierra Nevada, Pyrenees, Appalachian, Kunlun Mountains