



Key Vocabulary

- Conquest** The act of taking over a place.
- Danelaw** The area where Danish law applied in Saxon Britain.
- Invaders** People who attack and try to take over land from other people.
- Longboat** Viking ship with a sail and oars.
- Monastery** The building where monks live.
- Pagan** A person who worships many gods.
- Raider** An enemy who attacks and then goes away.
- Runes** The letters of the Anglo-Saxon alphabet.
- Valhalla** The Vikings believe they go to this place after death
- Thane** An Anglo-Saxon noblemen who owned land.
- Vikings** People from Scandinavia who were fighters, sea-travellers, traders and farmers.
- Wergild** Money paid to a murdered Anglo-Saxon's family by the murderer.

Key Knowledge

- AD 700- The Viking Age begins.
- AD 793- First invasion to Britain raiding monasteries on the coast, including Lindisfarne.
- AD 866- Danes capture York (which the Vikings called Jorvik) and make it their kingdom
- AD 876- Vikings settle permanently in Britain.
- AD 886- King Alfred defeats the Vikings but allows them to settle in Eastern England
- AD 1001- Vikings land in America and establish a settlement.
- AD 1014- King Canute of Denmark becomes King of England.
- AD 1066- Battle of Hastings take place and William the conqueror is crowned King.
- AD 1100- End of the Viking age.

Key figures		Key places	
King Alfred the Great	King Ethelred II	Wessex	East Anglia
King Athelstan	William the Conqueror	Northumbria	Hastings
King Canute		Mercia	Jorvik (York)

Discovery Kingfishers: Discoverers of a New World –The Vikings



Scandinavian countries' flags



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The Elder Futhark

